197-2 Rev. C



Model 560-197-2 56000 Data Rate Clock and Distribution System Chassis (Dual AC Power Supplies) Manual

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SECTION ONE

1. FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 PURPOSE OF EQUIPMENT

The TrueTime Model 560-197-2 Data Rate Clock and Distribution System (DRC) Chassis supports DRC-compatible cards. It provides 17 front slots for function cards, 17 rear slots for input/output cards, and 2 front slots for redundant power supplies. The chassis contains a backplane for inter-card communication, common-signal bussing, and power distribution. These signals are discussed in detail in SECTION THREE below.

This version of the chassis is supplied with two AC input Power Supplies. For future reference, it is useful to record card locations in the Card Slot Allocation Table. See specific manual for detailed information on any particular card.

1.1.1 PHYSICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Dimensions: 19"w X 5.22"h X 14"d (48 cm X 13 cm X 36 cm)

Weight: Approximately 13 pounds (6 kg)

1.1.2 ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Operating Temp: 0° to $+50^{\circ}$ C Storage Temp: -40° to $+85^{\circ}$ C

Humidity: Up to 95% max., relative, non-condensing

Cooling Mode: Convection

Altitude Sea level to 10,000 feet

1.1.3 POWER SPECIFICATIONS

See specific Power Supply manual.

1.1.4 CONNECTOR SPECIFICATIONS

Location: Power Entry Module Mating Connector: IEC320 Connector

1.1.5 CARD LOCATION/COMPATIBILITY CONSTRAINTS

See specific manual and/or Card Compatibility Matrix.

1.1.6 CARD SLOT ALLOCATION TABLE

SLOT	FRONT	REAR
1 ¹		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18 (19)	Power Supply, AC -48 VDC	Power Entry, AC Input
20 (21)	Power Supply, AC -48 VDC	Power Entry, AC Input

NOTES:

1. Slot 1 is left-most when viewed from front of chassis.

1.2 CERTIFICATIONS

1.2.1 CE COMPLIANT

This unit is CE compliant. See the Declaration of Conformity at the front of this manual. Note the conditions for acceptability listed on the Declaration.

1.2.2 UR AND C-UR RECOGNIZED

This unit is UR and C-UR recognized. The conditions for acceptability include the requirement that the unit be installed in a rack or other device which provides adequate bottom containment. Other conditions for acceptability may be established by the power supplies used in the unit. See the manual sections regarding the power supplies.

SECTION TWO

INSTALLATION AND OPERATION

2.1 REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

At initial installation, mount chassis to allow for vertical air-flow for convection cooling. Forced-air is not required.

If it becomes necessary to replace any card in the chassis, follow this procedure:

CAUTION: Individual components and assemblies within the chassis are sensitive to static discharge. Whenever installing or removing cards, the person performing the replacement should use proper static discharge procedures, including a standard personnel ESD grounding device (e.g. grounded wrist-strap) and ESD protective packaging.

All cards are hot-swappable. It is not necessary to turn off chassis power during removal or insertion of cards. Refer to specific card manual for the effect of input-signal and/or adjacent card hot-swapping.

Refer to specific manual section for card location constraints and card setup information. (Except for power supply slots 18 through 21, there are few restrictions on card location.)

To remove card, loosen the captive retaining hardware at the top and bottom of the assembly, then firmly pull on the handle (or on any connector on rear panel adapter cards) at the bottom of the card. Slide the card free of the frame. Refer to the SETUP section for any required switch settings; or, set them identically to the card being replaced. Reinstall the card in the frame by fitting it into the card guides at the top and bottom of the frame and sliding it in slowly, avoiding contact between bottom side of card and adjacent card front panel, until it mates with the connector. Seat card firmly to avoid contact bounce. Secure the retaining screws at the top and bottom of the card assembly.

2.2 OPERATION

Connect system power via rear Power Entry Modules (see Power Supply manual section for connector pinout). The chassis is intended to be continuously powered; there are no power switches. See individual manuals for operation of specific cards.

2.3 SETUP

If the chassis is configured with an interface card using INPUT 1 through 8, **SETUP IS REQUIRED**. The termination impedance for INPUT 1 through 8 **MUST** be set to match the characteristics of the signal source. If the timing signal is sourced by a 50 Ohm driver, the 50 Ohm terminator **MUST** be enabled. If the signal is sourced by a high impedance driver (e.g. 600 Ohm), the 50 Ohm terminator **MUST** be disabled. This is done by enabling or disabling a 50 Ohm terminator using a DIP switch located on the backplane at rear Slot 16.

To enable or disable the 50 Ohm terminator, **DISCONNECT EXTERNAL POWER** to avoid personal injury and equipment damage, then remove the cards in rear Slots 16 and 17. Using a small-bladed 4-inch screwdriver or similar tool, set each DIP switch position ON/OFF according to the following chart:

INPUT	SW1	ON	OFF
1	1	50Ω	>1kΩ
2	2	50Ω	>1kΩ
3	3	50Ω	>1kΩ
4	4	50Ω	>1kΩ
5	5	50Ω	>1kΩ
6	6	50Ω	>1kΩ
7	7	50Ω	>1kΩ
8	8	50Ω	>1kΩ

2.4 PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

A systematic preventative maintenance routine can reduce the possibility of a malfunction. This routine should include inspection and cleaning of the instrument.

2.4.1 INSPECTION

Exercise care when handling this equipment. It contains sensitive parts that can be damaged by improper handling. Do not touch connector pin surfaces because of the danger of static discharge, also deposits on contact surfaces can cause corrosion, resulting in equipment damage or failure. Inspect the unit for damaged components, loose or frayed connections, and corrosion on metal surfaces. If damage is found, correct it immediately.

2.4.2 CLEANING

Accumulations of dust and dirt can impair cooling and cause performance degradation. The equipment may be cleaned by the use of a vacuum cleaner or compressed air, and if the problem is bad enough, with a cloth dampened with clean water and a mild detergent. Thoroughly rinse cloth

with clean water after washing and wipe off washed areas to remove any residue. Be careful not to get water into switches or potentiometers. Thoroughly dry the equipment with compressed air, and/or time permitting, by air drying.

2.5 CORRECTIVE MAINTENANCE

2.5.1 FRONT/REAR CARDS AND POWER SUPPLIES

Refer to specific manual for information regarding suspect card.

2.5.2 POWER ENTRY MODULE

Power Entry Module trouble-shooting is covered in the specific Power Supply manual. However, should it be required, the Power Entry Module schematic is part of the chassis drawing included in section Four of this manual.

SECTION THREE

3. THEORY OF OPERATION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

This section contains a detailed description of the chassis implementation. Refer to the schematics in SECTION FOUR.

3.2 HARDWARE DESCRIPTION

The chassis incorporates a backplane for signal/power distribution and two Power Entry Modules for delivering input power to the power supplies. Front Slots 1 through 17 support various function cards. Rear Slots 1 through 17 support various I/O cards. Front Slots 18/19 and 20/21 hold redundant power supplies, each of which receive input power from their respective Power Entry Module.

3.2.1 POWER DISTRIBUTION

AC input power is delivered to each power supply, independently, via the Power Entry Module. The Power Entry Module incorporates an input connector and fuse appropriate to the associated Power Supply.

The Power Supply applies filtering and transient protection to the input power. Power is input at a specific voltage level, depending on the type of Power Supply installed; however, it is always delivered to the chassis backplane at -48 VDC. The power supplies are connected to the backplane in a redundant configuration via OR-ing diodes. The -48 VDC power on the backplane is floating with respect to ground (GND). Each card installed in the chassis contains a local, internally-isolated, DC-to-DC converter. The output of each local power supply is referenced to signal GND on each card. Signal GND is distributed throughout the chassis via a ground plane on the backplane. Signal GND and Chassis GND are connected together via a connector on the backplane and also at the I/O card output connectors.

Hot swapping is supported by various features incorporated into the chassis. Of primary concern is the possibility of static-discharge into backplane signal lines during card insertion. This is minimized by extended ground pins located at each end of the backplane connector on front cards, forcing any static build-up to discharge into GND. These also assure that the card has a solid ground reference prior to signal pins contacting the backplane. Static is controlled on rear cards by a partial ground plane that extends to the extreme edge of the card, allowing static to discharge into the chassis during card insertion.

The effects of power supply transients are minimized by the isolation provided by local DC-to-DC converters. Another aspect of hot-swapping concerns CPU bus activity. This is discussed in paragraph 3.2.2.3.

3.2.2 SIGNAL DISTRIBUTION

There are three categories of signals on the backplane. These are bussed frequency distribution signals, bussed timing distribution signals, and bussed inter-card communication signals.

3.2.2.1 FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION SIGNALS

The bussed frequency distribution signals are delivered on the backplane via 50 Ohm matched-impedance traces, each terminated with a 50 Ohm resistor. These are always driven by cards located at or near Slot 1, since the terminator is located at Slot 17. These three signals, REF A, REF B, and REF C (labeled FREQ A, B, and C on the schematic), are used to deliver reference frequencies to each slot. All cards that drive REF A, B, or C are AC-coupled to the backplane. The signals on REF A, B, and C are 1-5 Vpp, squarewave or sinewave.

3.2.2.2 TIMING DISTRIBUTION SIGNALS

The bussed timing signals, INPUTS 1 through 8, are delivered on the backplane via 50 Ohm matched-impedance traces. Each can be terminated with a 50 Ohm resistor by enabling sections of SW1. These are always driven via cards located at or near Slot 1, since the terminator is located at Slot 17.

The characteristics of the signal on INPUT 1 though 8 vary according to the requirements of installed card(s) using that particular signal.

3.2.2.3 INTER-CARD COMMUNICATION SIGNALS

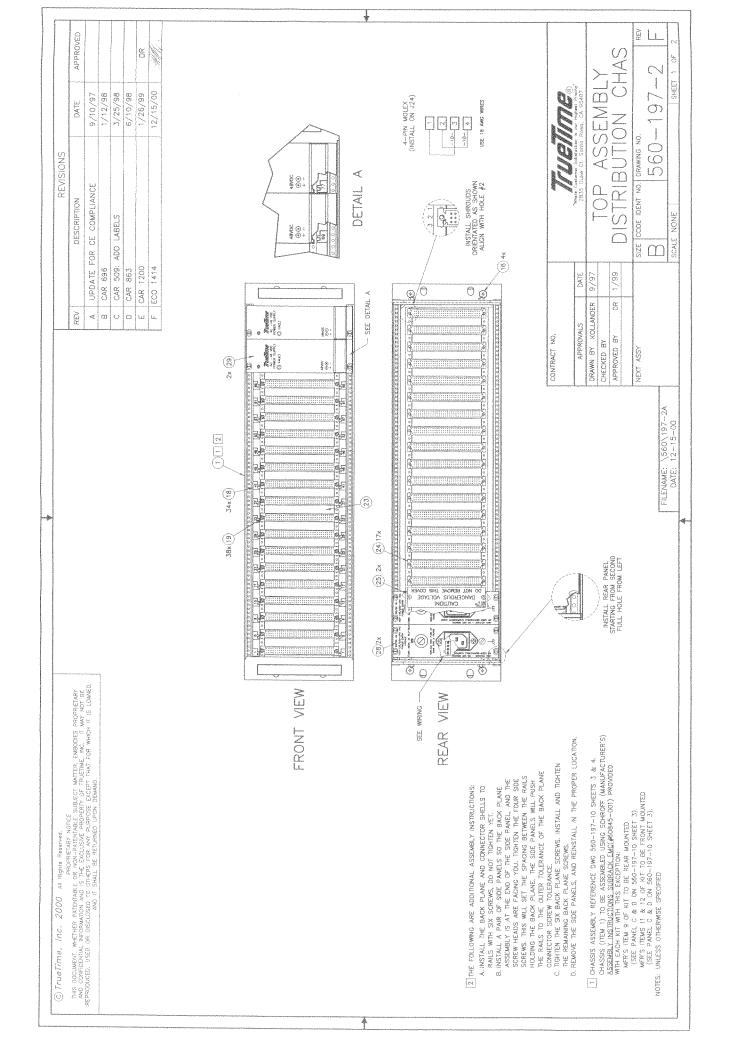
The bussed inter-card communication signals include Fault, Data, Address, and Control signals used by the Fault Monitor CPU. These signals are bussed to every slot. There are 19 Fault lines. These are outputs from function-cards and inputs to the CPU. Pin C25 at each slot is used for the Fault output. Pin C25 is connected to the appropriate Fault line at each slot, such that each function-card automatically drives the proper bussed Fault signal, which in turn is available to the CPU at any slot. Data, Address, and Control data-bus signals are used by the CPU to communicate with various function cards. The Control signals include STROBE, DIRECTION, and ENABLE, STROBE is used to gate read/write cycles. DIRECTION, which has a pull-down resistor on the backplane, must driven high by the CPU to generate a write cycle to a function card. ENABLE, which has a pull-down resistor and capacitor on the backplane, must charge up to a Logic 1 level from local CPU +5V before any function card will recognize a write-cycle. All signals are TTL-level. The Fault lines have pull-ups on the Fault Monitor CPU, which forces unused Fault lines to the inactive state.

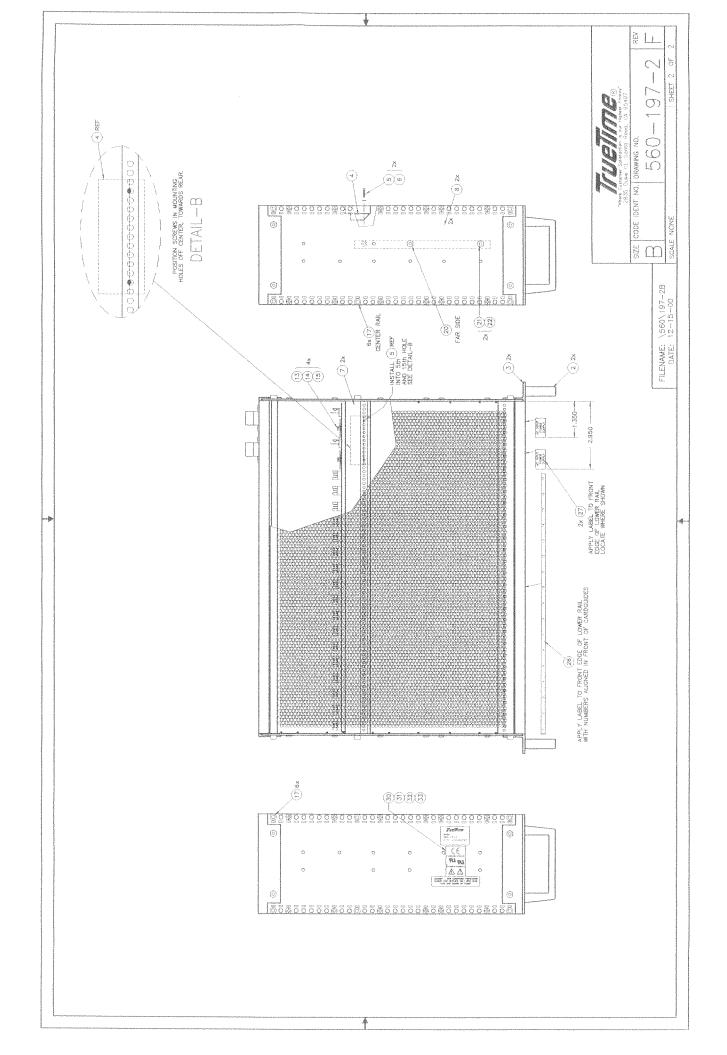
Hot-swapping of the CPU is supported for insertion by the RC time-constant built into ENABLE. It is supported during removal by the direct pull-down on DIRECTION. Note that data-bus hot-swapping effects are important only for write-cycles. Hot-swapping of the function cards is supported by the bus architecture: the Data lines are never driven by the function cards. This eliminates the possibility of function card output buffers interfering with bus traffic during power-up. Also, all bussed input lines are isolated with series resistors to minimize bus-loading during power-up. For read-cycles the Data lines become additional address bits. All read-data is transferred to the CPU, 1 bit at a time, via the private Fault line. When there is no bus activity, the Fault line represents the composite fault status of each function card.

SECTION FOUR

4. DETAILED DRAWINGS

4.1 560-197-2 DETAILED DRAWINGS / BILL OF MATERIALS





TrueTime, Inc. Single Level Bill of Material Report

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315-018-010UL	269-004	254-002	254312	251-006	249-M5X12	249-234	249-007	241-006-003	240-002-003	223-144	223-010	212-016	211-005	201-088	0002-PRINT	0001-PRINT	0000-PRINT	0000-PL	560-197-2	Component Item	Parent Item
WIRE 18 AWG BLACK UL1015	WSHR FLAT NYL 4 1/16 1/4"OD	LOCKWSHR SPLIT #2	WSHR SPLIT #4 SS	NUT KEP SS 6-32 .250 HEX	SCREW SK ZP M5X12	SCREW PH FH M5X12	SCREW SH CH ZN M2.5X12	PH FH SS 6-32X 3/8 100 DEG	SCREW PH PN SS 2-56X3/8	NUT M2.5	CHASSIS KIT (HF)	GUIDE RAIL	HANDLE SUBRACK 3U	RAIL HORIZONTAL REAR	REFERENCE PRINT	REFERENCE PRINT	REFERENCE PRINT	PARTS LIST REV LEVEL	SIGNAL DISTRIB CHASSIS	Component Descripiton	Parent Description
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Parent Item Component Item 560-2188 400-058 400-048 385-096 363-2.0 332-002 560-1225 560-1223 403-0041 400-034 400-033 NOTE 1 560-5165 560-5149-1 560-1222-2 402-007T 400-051 400-042 Parent Description Component Descripiton NOTE LABEL, UR/CUR SYMBOLS FUSE 2A 250V 3AG SB ASSY PWR SUP AC -48VDC PCB SHIELD (UL) CHASSIS KEY DRC P/S GUIDE RAIL FOR DRC P/S ASSY AC PWR ENTRY MODULE CONN 4-P PIN 18-24 AWG LABEL, CE SYMBOL LABEL, DANGER/MANUAL LABEL, POWER SUP SLOTS LABEL, DRC SLOT NUMBERS CONN SHROUD FOR 96-P CONN CORD POWER ASSY BACKPLANE (DISTRB) LABEL, CAUTION SAME FUSE Batch Quantity Quantity Per Single Level Bill of Material Report TrueTime, Inc. 17.00 1.00 2.00 2.00 4.00 2.00 1.00 2,00 2.00 1.00 2.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 .02 S ΕA M M EA EA E FA \square $\mathbb{F}_{\mathbb{A}}$ EA \mathbb{P} M $\mathbb{E}_{\mathbb{A}}$ \mathbb{F} MA F 5 M Seq No Bubble 24 33 30 3 32 27 26 23 29 25 20 28 رکار. Remarks SHIPPING KIT SEE WIRING SHIPPING KIT SEE WIRING Level (/) O 0 (O (0) Ø co 00 (/) (/) 7 Seq 31.0 27.0 21.0 40.0 34.0 23.0 37.0 36.0 33.0 32.0 30.0 29.0 28.0 25.0 24.0 22.0 35.026.0 ----≤. Z. U S T 3 5 S Z Z, S 3 1/1/2000 From 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 1/1/2000 Page -Effective Time Date -12/31/2010 12/31/2010 12/31/2010 12/31/2010 12/31/2010 12/31/2010 12/31/2010 12/31/2010 12/31/2010 12/31/2010 12/31/2010 12/31/2010 12/31/2010 12/31/2010 12/31/2010 12/31/2010 12/31/2010 12/31/2010 Thru 14:31:36 1/31/2001 N

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Single Level Bill of Material Report	TrueTime, Inc.

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